

Census of Black Hole Accretion

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Black hole and stellar growth in galaxies

$M_{\text{BH}} - \sigma$ relation

- Black hole and stellar growth are related in the context of galaxy evolution
- X-rays reveal black hole growth phase directly
- AGN feedback \rightarrow downsizing
- Goals: census and demographics of black holes
- Approaches: target well-studied fields and bright objects (not searching for the unknown)

Physical properties of interest

physical properties

- L/L_{edd}
- \dot{M}
- M_{BH}

Con-X will yield:

luminosity (with bolometric correction)
accretion rate (if assume efficiency)

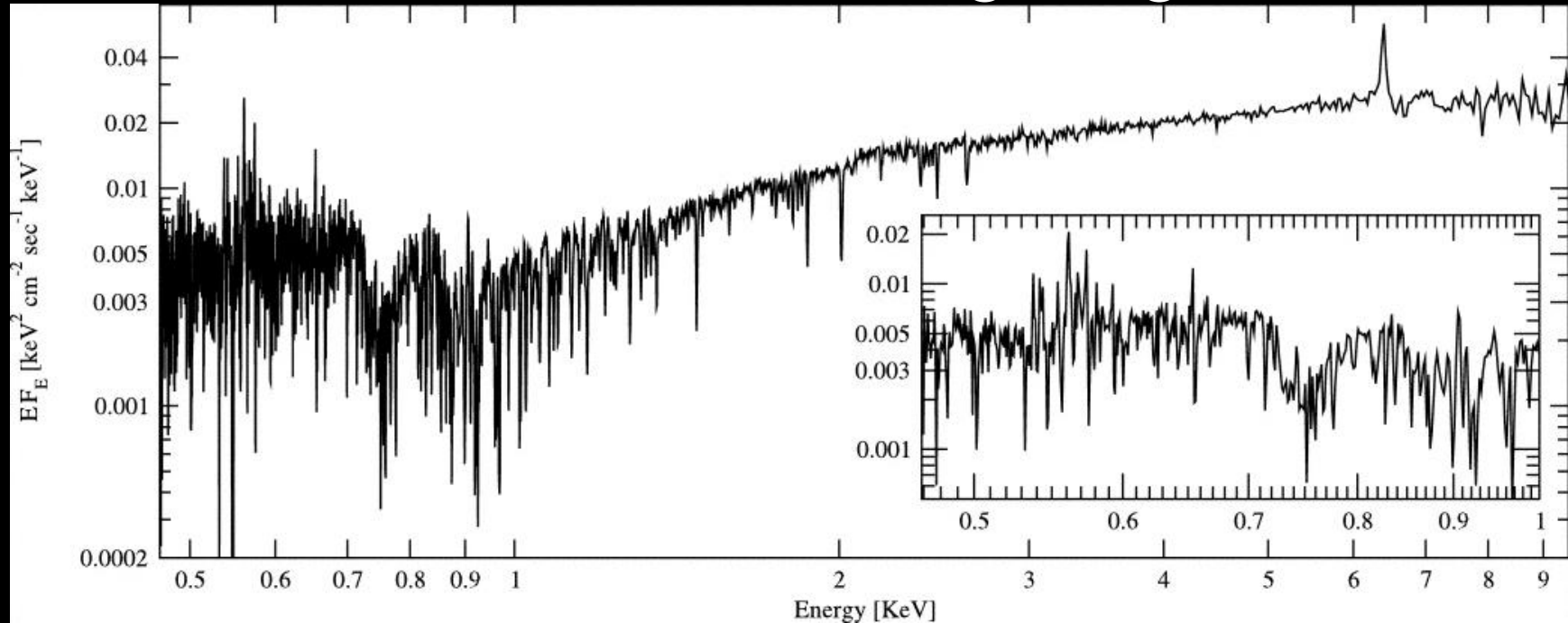
other mass estimators are available

X-rays may also directly reveal L/L_{edd} (or test this!)

(Brandt et al. 1997; Shemmer et al. 2006)

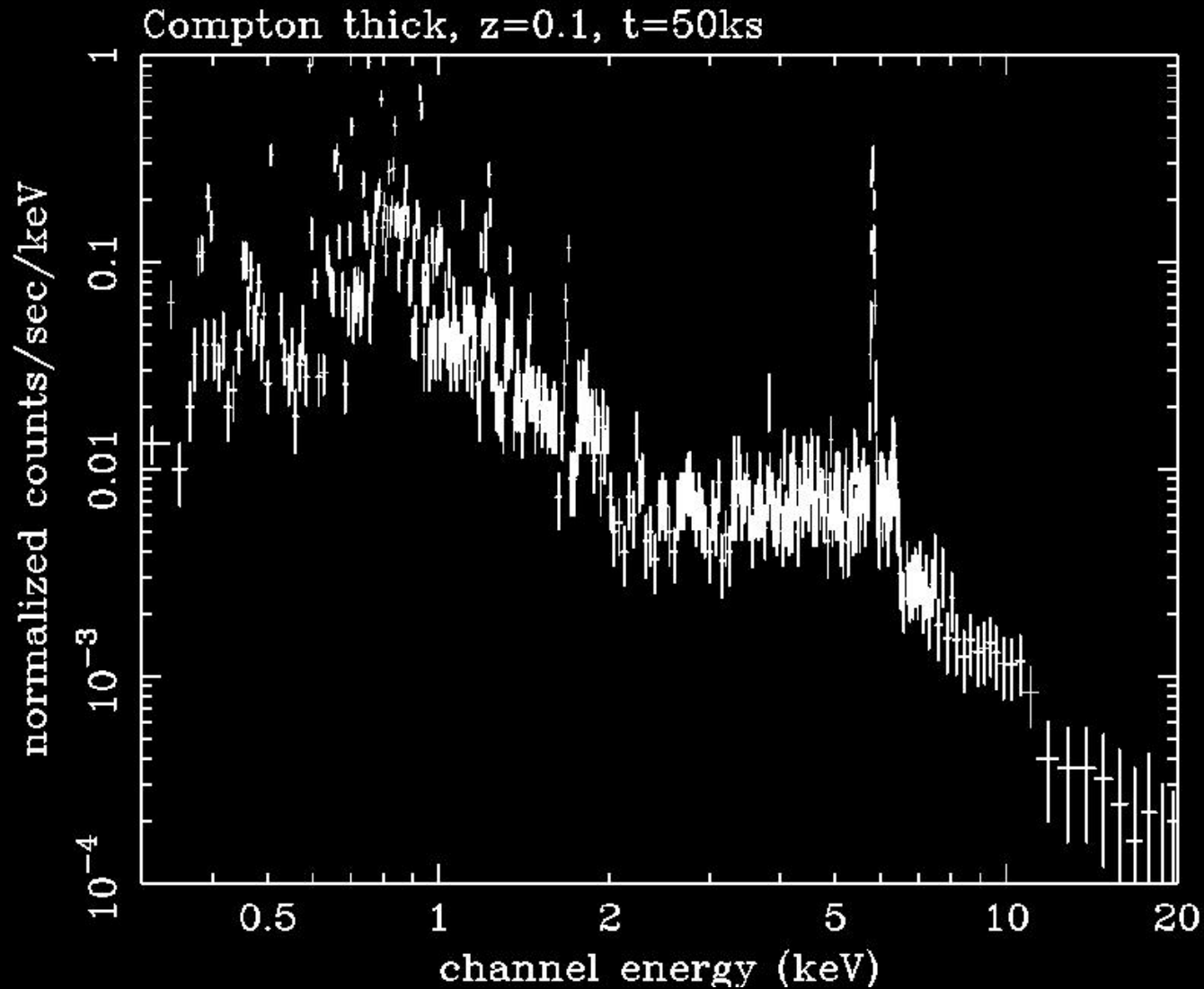
Spectral complexity

NGC 3783 observed with Chandra gratings



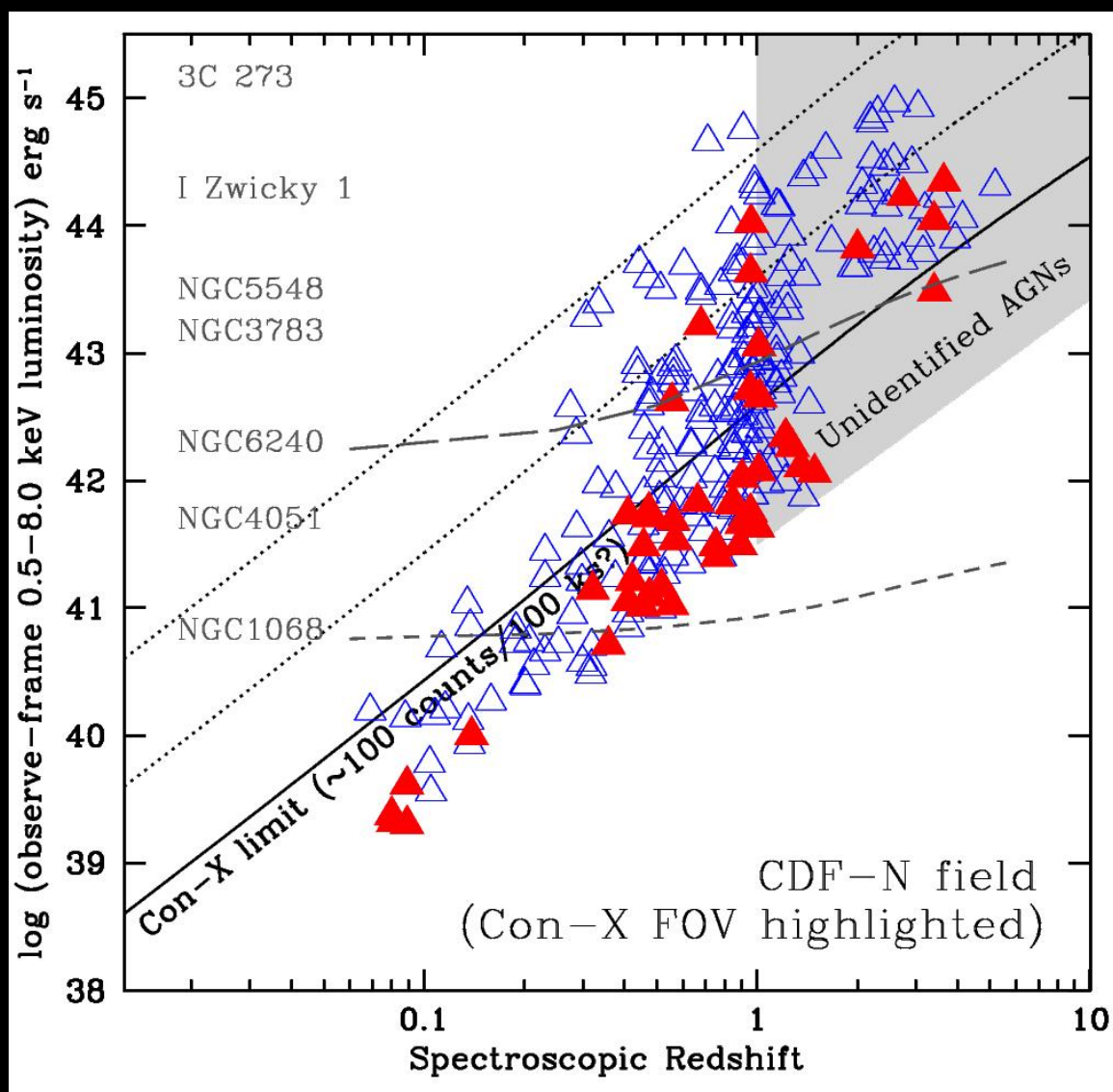
(Kaspi et al. 2002)

Spectral complexity



Soft X-ray emission can masquerade as unobscured AGN

Feasibility



known deep fields

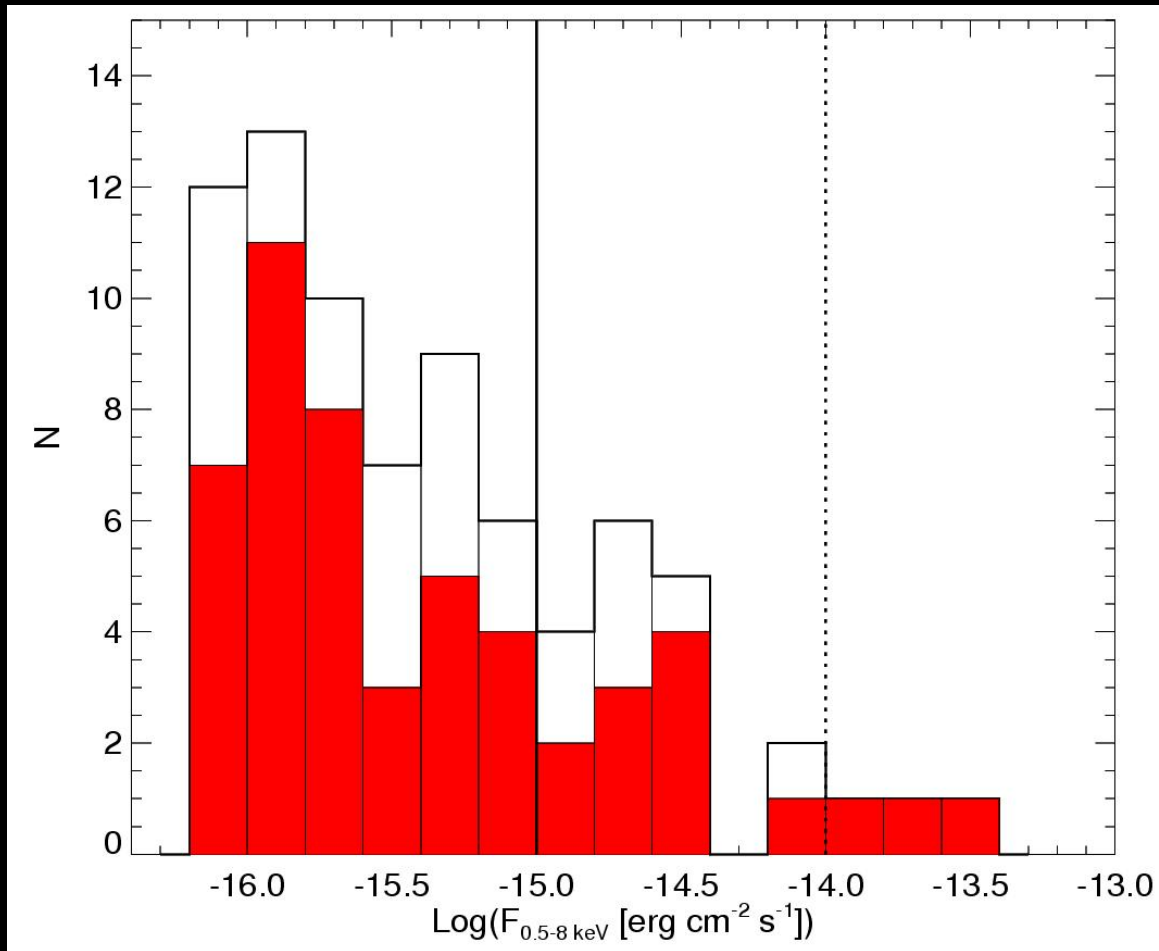
X-rays to identify “unknown sources”

feasibility of obscured AGN at $z \sim 0.1$

feasibility of bright AGN at $z \sim 2$

sources with optical spectra
(D. Alexander)

Feasibility



sources with optical spectra
(F. Bauer)

known deep fields
X-rays to identify “unknown sources”
feasibility of obscured AGN at $z \sim 0.1$
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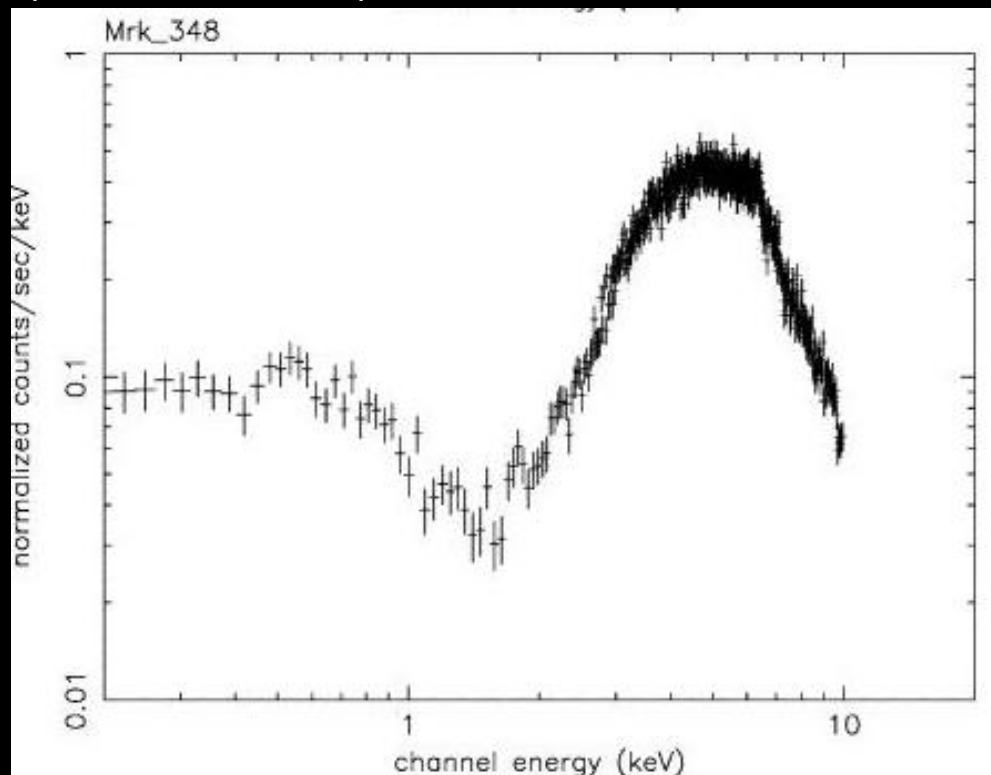
BH growth now and then

Key project 1: comparisons of AGN locally and at $z=2$

- Local samples ($z \lesssim 0.1$)

spectral complexity

absorption, emission, continuum scattering

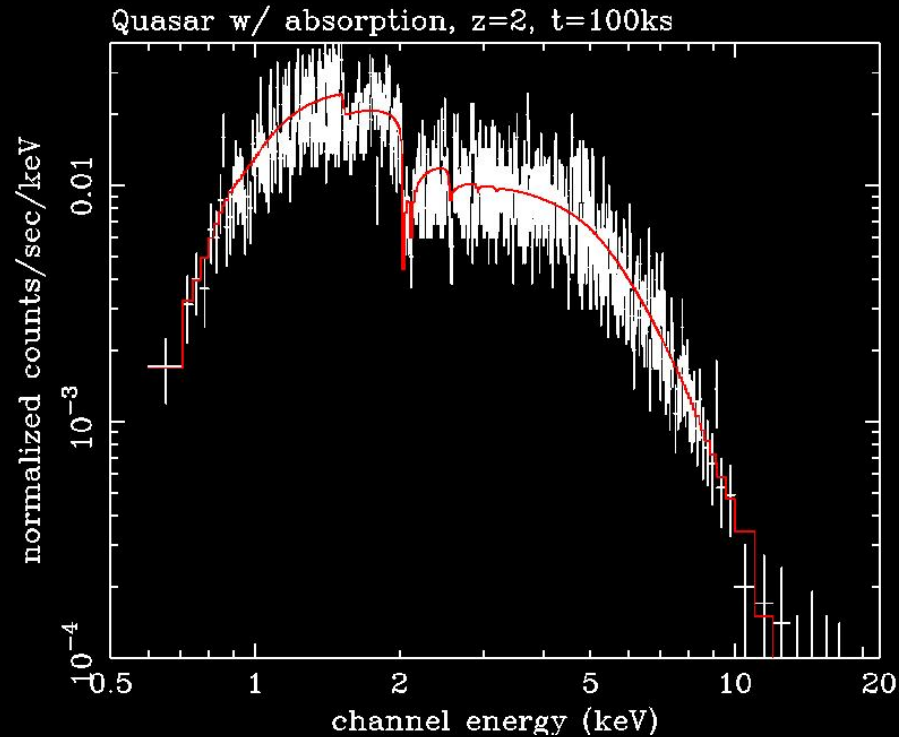


(Awaki et al. 2006)

XMM data modeled as 2 power laws

BH growth now and then

- $z=2$ L_* quasars

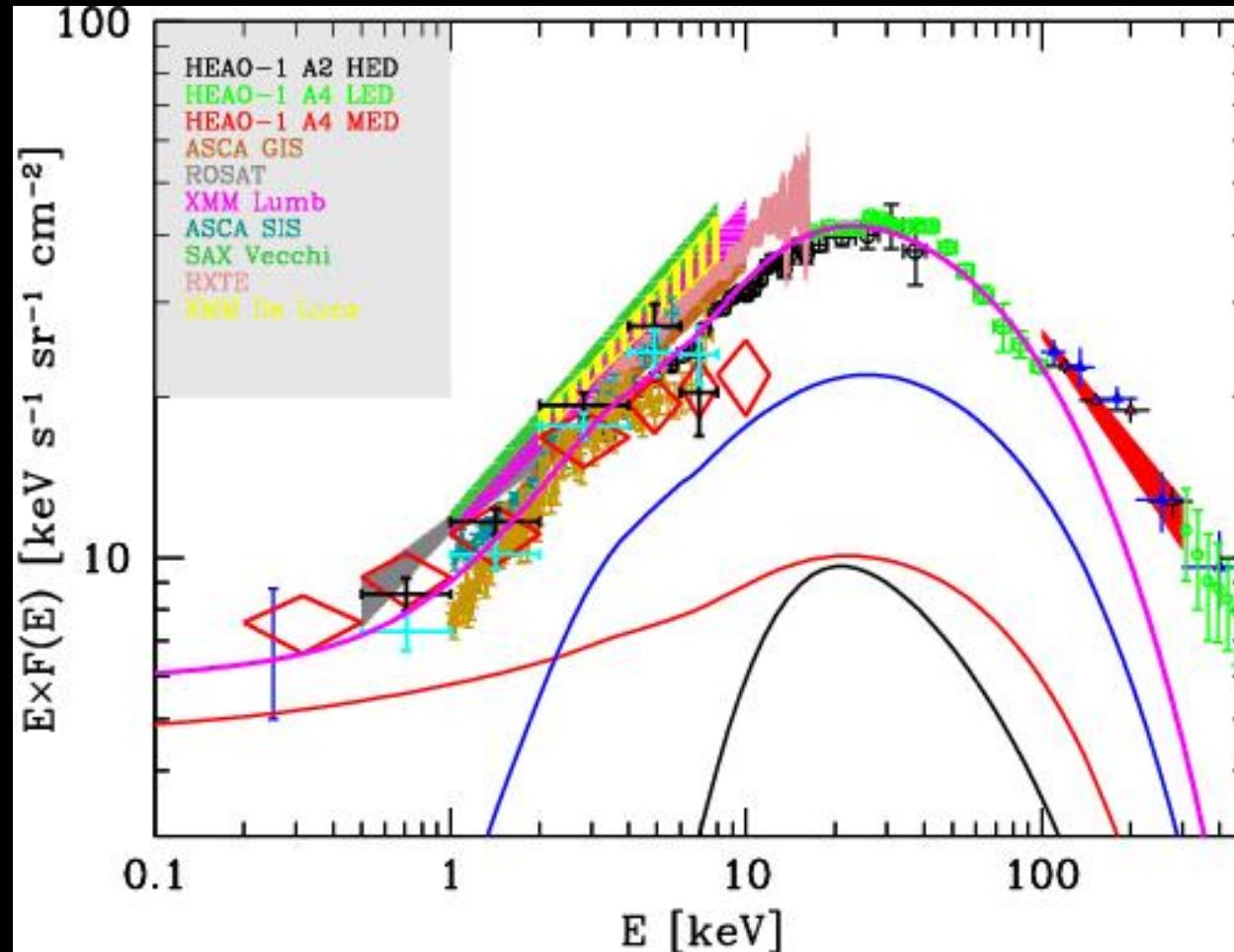


Related science:

probe along luminosity function at given z
variation in accretion rate, outflow?

Buried AGN

Key project 2: Compton thick AGN



(Gilli et al. 2007)

Spectral contribution to cosmic X-ray background

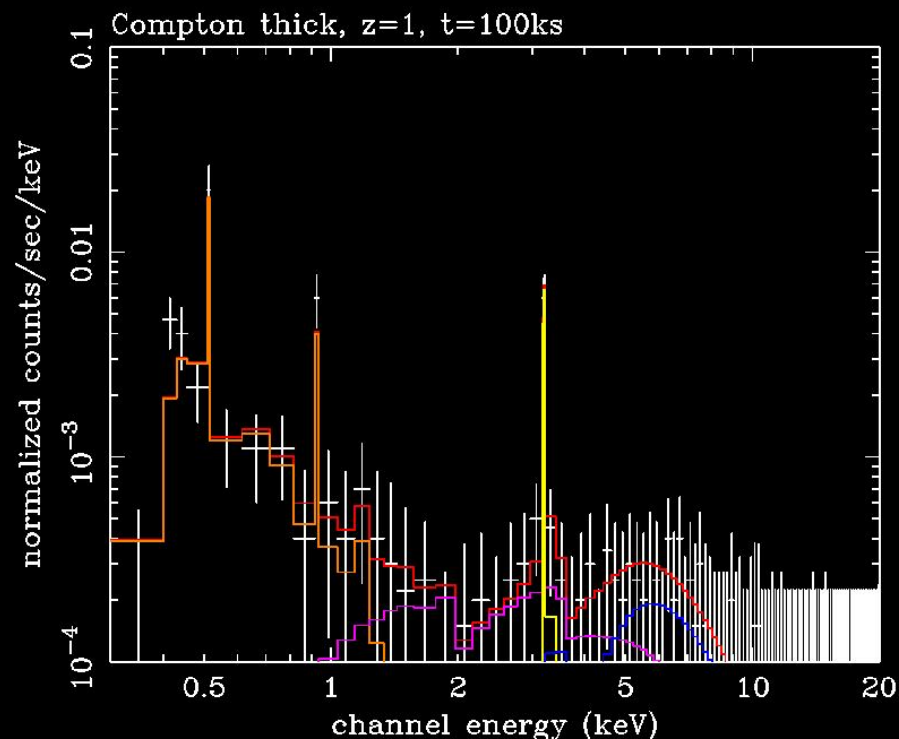
Buried AGN

Compton thick AGN are typically hidden
continuum suppressed $E < 10\text{keV}$

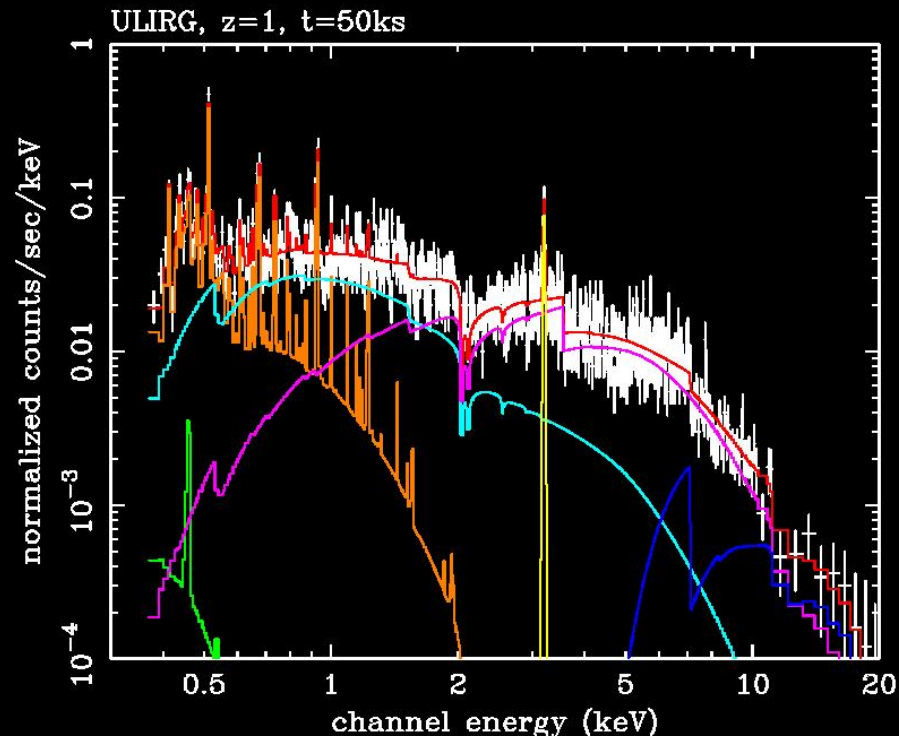
Primarily use XMS spectral diagnostics (Fe K) not HXT

Observe candidates from other surveys

e.g. WISE, NuSTAR



Buried AGN



- Compton reflection
- N_H distribution
(as a function of z , L_X ?)
- Ultraluminous Infrared Galaxies (ULIRGs)
connection to star formation
a common phase of quasar evolution?

Single objects of interest

Not science drivers of Con-X, but important examples in the context of BH demographics and growth

- sub-mm galaxies
extreme ULIRGs; require 1 Msec exposures at $z=2.5$
- lensed quasars more detailed spectroscopy on distant AGN
(feedback at high z)

Future plans

- Determine the numbers of sources and the constraints needed to do science identified here
- Refine strategies for selecting samples
e.g., use Spitzer and Integral results now for future selection from JWST, JDEM, and NuSTAR